

SAFETY DATA SHEET


1. Identification

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| Product identifier | Code L |
| Other means of identification | None. |
| Recommended use | Code L is a byproduct of limestone mining, with variable composition. Primarily powdered limestone with other mineral impurities. Used for commercial acid neutralization. |
| Recommended restrictions | Not for food or food contact applications. |
| | Workers (and your customers or users in the case of resale) should be informed of the potential presence of respirable dust and respirable crystalline silica as well as their potential hazards. Appropriate training in the proper use and handling of this material should be provided as required under applicable regulations. |

Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information

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| Manufacturer: | Mississippi Lime Company |
| Address: | 16147 US Highway 61 Ste Genevieve, MO 63670 (800) 437-5463 |
| 24 Hour Emergency Contact Number: | |

2. Hazard(s) identification

| | | |
|------------------------------|---|---|
| Physical hazards | Not classified. | |
| Health hazards | Skin corrosion/irritation | Category 1C |
| | Serious eye damage/eye irritation | Category 1 |
| | Carcinogenicity | Category 1A |
| | Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure | Category 3 respiratory tract irritation |
| Environmental hazards | Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute hazard | Category 3 |
| OSHA defined hazards | Not classified. | |
| Label elements |  | |

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| Signal word | Danger |
| Hazard statement | Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause cancer. Harmful to aquatic life. |
| Precautionary statement | |
| Prevention | Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not breathe dust. Wash thoroughly after handling. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid release to the environment. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. |
| Response | If swallowed: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a poison center/doctor. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. |
| Storage | Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store locked up. |
| Disposal | Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations. |
| Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC) | Contact with moisture or water may generate sufficient heat to ignite nearby combustible materials. |
| Supplemental information | None. |

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substances

| Chemical name | Common name and synonyms | CAS number | % |
|-------------------|--------------------------|------------|---------|
| Calcium carbonate | | 471-34-1 | 40 - 60 |

Impurities

| Chemical name | CAS number | % |
|-------------------|------------|---------|
| Calcium oxide | 1305-78-8 | 25 - 40 |
| Calcium hydroxide | 1305-62-0 | ≤ 25 |
| Calcium Sulfate | 7778-18-9 | ≤ 15 |
| Calcium silicate | 1344-95-2 | ≤ 15 |
| Quartz | 14808-60-7 | ≤ 1 |

All concentrations are in percent by weight unless ingredient is a gas. Gas concentrations are in percent by volume.

4. First-aid measures

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| Inhalation | Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a poison center or doctor/physician if you feel unwell. |
| Skin contact | Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Chemical burns must be treated by a physician. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. |
| Eye contact | Do not rub eyes. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Call a physician or poison control center immediately. |
| Ingestion | Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs. |
| Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed | Burning pain and severe corrosive skin damage. Causes serious eye damage. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Permanent eye damage including blindness could result. Dusts may irritate the respiratory tract, skin and eyes. Coughing. |
| Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed | Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Chemical burns: Flush with water immediately. While flushing, remove clothes which do not adhere to affected area. Call an ambulance. Continue flushing during transport to hospital. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed. |
| General information | IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible). Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. |

5. Fire-fighting measures

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| Suitable extinguishing media | Use fire-extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding materials. DO NOT use water if avoidable. If water is used, apply flooding amounts to dissipate heat of dilution. |
| Unsuitable extinguishing media | DO NOT use water if avoidable. The product reacts with water and will generate heat. |
| Specific hazards arising from the chemical | During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed. Contact with moisture or water may generate sufficient heat to ignite nearby combustible materials. |
| Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters | Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire. |
| Fire fighting equipment/instructions | Use water spray to cool unopened containers. Move containers from fire area if you can do it without risk. In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. |
| Specific methods | Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials. |
| General fire hazards | Product is nonflammable and does not support combustion. |

6. Accidental release measures

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| Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures | Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Do not breathe dust. Use a NIOSH/MSHA approved respirator if there is a risk of exposure to dust/fume at levels exceeding the exposure limits. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ensure adequate ventilation. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS. |
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Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Avoid dispersal of dust in the air (i.e., clearing dust surfaces with compressed air). Collect dust using a vacuum cleaner equipped with HEPA filter. Prevent product from entering drains. Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk.

Large Spills: Shovel the material into waste container. Following product recovery, flush area with water.

Small Spills: Sweep up or vacuum up spillage and collect in suitable container for disposal. Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.

Never return spills to original containers for re-use. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.

Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment. Inform appropriate managerial or supervisory personnel of all environmental releases. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.

7. Handling and storage**Precautions for safe handling**

Minimize dust generation and accumulation. Provide appropriate exhaust ventilation at places where dust is formed. Do not breathe dust. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Avoid prolonged exposure. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Avoid release to the environment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store locked up. Store in original tightly closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Avoid contact with acids, water, and moisture. Protect from humidity. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

8. Exposure controls/personal protection**Occupational exposure limits****US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)**

| Impurities | Type | Value | Form |
|-----------------------------------|------|------------------------|----------------------|
| Quartz (CAS 14808-60-7) | PEL | 0.05 mg/m ³ | Respirable dust. |
| Calcium silicate (CAS 1344-95-2) | PEL | 5 mg/m ³ | Respirable fraction. |
| | | 15 mg/m ³ | Total dust. |
| Calcium Sulfate (CAS 7778-18-9) | PEL | 5 mg/m ³ | Respirable fraction. |
| | | 15 mg/m ³ | Total dust. |
| Calcium hydroxide (CAS 1305-62-0) | PEL | 5 mg/m ³ | Respirable fraction. |
| | | 15 mg/m ³ | Total dust. |
| Calcium oxide (CAS 1305-78-8) | PEL | 5 mg/m ³ | |

US. OSHA Table Z-3 (29 CFR 1910.1000)

| Impurities | Type | Value | Form |
|-------------------------|------|-----------------------|-------------|
| Quartz (CAS 14808-60-7) | TWA | 0.1 mg/m ³ | Respirable. |
| | | 2.4 mppcf | Respirable. |

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

| Impurities | Type | Value | Form |
|-----------------------------------|------|-------------------------|----------------------|
| Quartz (CAS 14808-60-7) | TWA | 0.025 mg/m ³ | Respirable fraction. |
| Calcium silicate (CAS 1344-95-2) | TWA | 1 mg/m ³ | Inhalable fraction. |
| Calcium Sulfate (CAS 7778-18-9) | TWA | 10 mg/m ³ | Inhalable fraction. |
| Calcium hydroxide (CAS 1305-62-0) | TWA | 5 mg/m ³ | |
| Calcium oxide (CAS 1305-78-8) | TWA | 2 mg/m ³ | |

US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards

| Components | Type | Value | Form |
|-----------------------------------|------|------------|------------------|
| Calcium carbonate (CAS 471-34-1) | TWA | 5 mg/m3 | Respirable. |
| | | 10 mg/m3 | Total |
| Impurities | Type | Value | Form |
| Quartz (CAS 14808-60-7) | TWA | 0.05 mg/m3 | Respirable dust. |
| Calcium silicate (CAS 1344-95-2) | TWA | 5 mg/m3 | Respirable. |
| | | 10 mg/m3 | Total |
| Calcium Sulfate (CAS 7778-18-9) | TWA | 5 mg/m3 | Respirable. |
| | | 10 mg/m3 | Total |
| Calcium hydroxide (CAS 1305-62-0) | TWA | 5 mg/m3 | |
| Calcium oxide (CAS 1305-78-8) | TWA | 2 mg/m3 | |

Biological limit values

No biological exposure limits noted for the ingredient(s).

Appropriate engineering controls

Good general ventilation should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. If engineering measures are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of dust particulates below the Occupational Exposure Limit (OEL), suitable respiratory protection must be worn. Eye wash facilities and emergency shower must be available when handling this product.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment**Eye/face protection**

When working with powders or dusts, wear dust-proof chemical goggles and face shield unless full facepiece respiratory protection is worn.

Skin protection**Hand protection**

Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves. Suitable gloves can be recommended by the glove supplier.

Skin protection**Other**

Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing. Apron with long sleeves or two piece chemical protective clothing, and rubber boots are recommended.

Respiratory protection

If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations below recommended exposure limits (where applicable) or to an acceptable level (in countries where exposure limits have not been established), an approved respirator must be worn. Wear NIOSH approved respirator appropriate for airborne exposure at the point of use.

Thermal hazards

Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.

General hygiene considerations

Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

9. Physical and chemical properties**Appearance****Physical state**

Solid.

Form

Granular or powder.

Color

Gray to off-white.

Odor

Odorless

Odor threshold

Not available.

pH

Not available.

Melting point/freezing point

Not available.

Initial boiling point and boiling range

Not available.

Flash point

Does not flash

Evaporation rate

Not available.

| | |
|---|-------------------------------|
| Flammability (solid, gas) | Not flammable. |
| Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits | |
| Flammability limit - lower (%) | Not available. |
| Flammability limit - upper (%) | Not available. |
| Vapor pressure | None |
| Vapor density | Not available. |
| Relative density | Not available. |
| Solubility(ies) | |
| Solubility (water) | Not Soluble |
| Solubility (solvents) | Not Soluble |
| Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water) | Not available. |
| Auto-ignition temperature | None |
| Decomposition temperature | 1292 - 1472 °F (700 - 800 °C) |
| Viscosity | Not available. |
| Other information | |
| Explosive properties | Not explosive. |
| Oxidizing properties | Not oxidizing. |

10. Stability and reactivity

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| Reactivity | The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport. |
| Chemical stability | Stable under the prescribed storage conditions. |
| Possibility of hazardous reactions | Contact with water may generate enough heat to ignite combustible materials. Strong exothermic reaction with acids. |
| Conditions to avoid | Contact with incompatible materials. Exposure to moisture. |
| Incompatible materials | Acids. Water, moisture. Humid air. Hydrogen fluoride. Phosphorus pentoxide. Boric oxide. Steam. Many organic materials. |
| Hazardous decomposition products | Calcium hydroxide. |

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

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| Inhalation | Dust may irritate respiratory system. Prolonged inhalation may be harmful. |
| Skin contact | Causes severe skin burns. |
| Eye contact | Causes serious eye damage. |
| Ingestion | Causes digestive tract burns. |

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics Burning pain and severe corrosive skin damage. Causes serious eye damage. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Permanent eye damage including blindness could result. Dusts may irritate the respiratory tract, skin and eyes. Coughing.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity Not known.

| Components | Species | Test Results |
|-----------------------------------|----------------|---------------------|
| Calcium carbonate (CAS 471-34-1) | | |
| Acute | | |
| Oral | | |
| LD50 | Rat | 6450 mg/kg |
| Impurities | Species | Test Results |
| Calcium hydroxide (CAS 1305-62-0) | | |
| Acute | | |
| Oral | | |
| LD50 | Rat | 7340 mg/kg |

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|--|--|
| Skin corrosion/irritation | Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. |
| Serious eye damage/eye irritation | Causes serious eye damage. |
| Respiratory or skin sensitization | |
| Respiratory sensitization | Not a respiratory sensitizer. |
| Skin sensitization | This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization. |
| Germ cell mutagenicity | No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are mutagenic or genotoxic. |
| Carcinogenicity | May cause cancer. Occupational exposure to respirable dust and respirable crystalline silica should be monitored and controlled. In 1997, IARC (the International Agency for Research on Cancer) concluded that crystalline silica inhaled from occupational sources can cause lung cancer in humans. However in making the overall evaluation, IARC noted that "carcinogenicity was not detected in all industrial circumstances studied. Carcinogenicity may be dependent on inherent characteristics of the crystalline silica or on external factors affecting its biological activity or distribution of its polymorphs." (IARC Monographs on the evaluation of the carcinogenic risks of chemicals to humans, Silica, silicates dust and organic fibres, 1997, Vol. 68, IARC, Lyon, France.) In June 2003, SCOEL (the EU Scientific Committee on Occupational Exposure Limits) concluded that the main effect in humans of the inhalation of respirable crystalline silica dust is silicosis. "There is sufficient information to conclude that the relative risk of lung cancer is increased in persons with silicosis (and, apparently, not in employees without silicosis exposed to silica dust in quarries and in the ceramic industry). Therefore, preventing the onset of silicosis will also reduce the cancer risk..." (SCOEL SUM Doc 94-final, June 2003) According to the current state of the art, worker protection against silicosis can be consistently assured by respecting the existing regulatory occupational exposure limits. |

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

Quartz (CAS 14808-60-7) 1 Carcinogenic to humans.

NTP Report on Carcinogens

Quartz (CAS 14808-60-7) Known To Be Human Carcinogen.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1053)

Quartz (CAS 14808-60-7) Cancer

| | |
|---|--|
| Reproductive toxicity | This product is not expected to cause reproductive or developmental effects. |
| Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure | May cause respiratory irritation. |
| Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure | Not classified. |
| Aspiration hazard | Not an aspiration hazard. |
| Chronic effects | Prolonged inhalation may be harmful. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects. |

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity Harmful to aquatic life.

| Impurities | Species | Test Results |
|-----------------------------------|---|---------------------|
| Calcium hydroxide (CAS 1305-62-0) | | |
| Aquatic | | |
| <i>Acute</i> | | |
| Fish | LC50 Zambezi barbel (<i>Clarias gariepinus</i>) | 33.9 mg/l, 96 hours |

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| Persistence and degradability | The product contains inorganic compounds which are not biodegradable. |
| Bioaccumulative potential | No data available on bioaccumulation. |
| Mobility in soil | The product is insoluble in water. |
| Other adverse effects | The product may affect the acidity (pH-factor) in water with risk of harmful effects to aquatic organisms. |

13. Disposal considerations

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| Disposal instructions | Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Incinerate the material under controlled conditions in an approved incinerator. Do not allow this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations. |
| Local disposal regulations | Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations. |

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| Hazardous waste code | The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste disposal company. |
| Waste from residues / unused products | Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions). |
| Contaminated packaging | Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. |

14. Transport information

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|-------------------------------------|--|
| DOT | Not regulated as dangerous goods. |
| IATA | |
| UN number | UN1910 |
| UN proper shipping name | Calcium oxide |
| Transport hazard class(es) | |
| Class | 8 |
| Subsidiary risk | - |
| Packing group | III |
| Environmental hazards | No. |
| ERG Code | 8L |
| Special precautions for user | Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling. |
| | The transportation information provided represents the regulatory transport classification of the product without consideration to packaging, quantity, or modal restrictions and exceptions. It is the user's responsibility to determine the appropriate packaging and modal requirements and/or limitations for the product quantity being shipped. |

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| IMDG | Not regulated as dangerous goods. |
| Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code | Not applicable. |

15. Regulatory information

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| US federal regulations | This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200. |
| TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D) | Not regulated. |
| CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4) | Not listed. |
| SARA 304 Emergency release notification | Not regulated. |
| OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1053) | Quartz (CAS 14808-60-7) Cancer lung effects immune system effects kidney effects |
| Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) | All components of the mixture on the TSCA 8(b) inventory are designated "active". |
| Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA) | |
| SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance | Not listed. |
| SARA 311/312 Hazardous chemical | Yes |
| Classified hazard categories | Skin corrosion or irritation Serious eye damage or eye irritation Carcinogenicity Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure) |
| SARA 313 (TRI reporting) | Not regulated. |

Other federal regulations

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

Not regulated.

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Not regulated.

Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA)

Not regulated.

US state regulations

US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List

Calcium hydroxide (CAS 1305-62-0)
Calcium oxide (CAS 1305-78-8)
Calcium silicate (CAS 1344-95-2)
Calcium Sulfate (CAS 7778-18-9)
Quartz (CAS 14808-60-7)

US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

Calcium hydroxide (CAS 1305-62-0)
Calcium oxide (CAS 1305-78-8)
Calcium silicate (CAS 1344-95-2)
Calcium Sulfate (CAS 7778-18-9)
Quartz (CAS 14808-60-7)

US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law

Calcium hydroxide (CAS 1305-62-0)
Calcium oxide (CAS 1305-78-8)
Calcium silicate (CAS 1344-95-2)
Calcium Sulfate (CAS 7778-18-9)
Quartz (CAS 14808-60-7)

US. Rhode Island RTK

Calcium hydroxide (CAS 1305-62-0)
Calcium oxide (CAS 1305-78-8)
Calcium silicate (CAS 1344-95-2)
Quartz (CAS 14808-60-7)

California Proposition 65



WARNING: This product can expose you to SILICA, CRYSTALLINE QUARTZ, which is known to the State of California to cause cancer. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Carcinogenic substance

Quartz (CAS 14808-60-7) Listed: October 1, 1988

US. California. Candidate Chemicals List. Safer Consumer Products Regulations (Cal. Code Regs, tit. 22, 69502.3, subd. (a))

Quartz (CAS 14808-60-7)

International Inventories

| Country(s) or region | Inventory name | On inventory (yes/no)* |
|----------------------|--|------------------------|
| Australia | Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS) | Yes |
| Canada | Domestic Substances List (DSL) | Yes |
| Canada | Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL) | No |
| China | Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC) | Yes |
| Europe | European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS) | Yes |
| Europe | European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS) | No |
| Japan | Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS) | Yes |
| Korea | Existing Chemicals List (ECL) | Yes |
| New Zealand | New Zealand Inventory | Yes |
| Philippines | Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS) | Yes |
| Taiwan | Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory (TCSI) | Yes |

| Country(s) or region | Inventory name | On inventory (yes/no)* |
|-----------------------------|---|-------------------------------|
| United States & Puerto Rico | Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory | Yes |

*A "Yes" indicates this product complies with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s).

A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue date 16-January-2019

Revision date -

Version # 01

HMIS® ratings Health: 3*
Flammability: 0
Physical hazard: 0

Disclaimer Mississippi Lime Company cannot anticipate all conditions under which this information and its product, or the products of other manufacturers in combination with its product, may be used. It is the user's responsibility to ensure safe conditions for handling, storage and disposal of the product, and to assume liability for loss, injury, damage or expense due to improper use. The information in the sheet was written based on the best knowledge and experience currently available.