

SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Identification

Product identifier	Hydrated Lime Types N and S – Calera Facility
Other means of identification	
Product code	Hydrated Lime Type N, Hydrated Lime Type S, Magnolia Type S, Calcium Hydroxide
Recommended use	Industrial, Chemical, Construction, Environmental and Water Treatment Applications of Calcium Hydroxide.
Recommended restrictions	Not approved for food, food contact or pharmaceutical applications.
Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information	
Manufacturer:	Mississippi Lime Company
Address:	16147 US Highway 61 Ste Genevieve, MO 63670 (800) 437-5463
24 Hour Emergency Contact Number:	

2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazards	Not classified.	
Health hazards	Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 2
	Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 1
	Carcinogenicity	Category 1A
	Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure	Category 3 respiratory tract irritation
Environmental hazards	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute hazard	Category 3
OSHA defined hazards	Not classified.	

Label elements



Signal word	Danger
Hazard statement	Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye damage. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause cancer. Harmful to aquatic life.
Precautionary statement	
Prevention	Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Avoid breathing dust. Wash thoroughly after handling. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid release to the environment. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
Response	If on skin: Wash with plenty of water. If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a poison center/doctor. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
Storage	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store locked up.
Disposal	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.
Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)	None known.
Supplemental information	None.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substances

Chemical name	CAS number	%
Calcium hydroxide	1305-62-0	93 - 100

Impurities

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
Calcium Carbonate		471-34-1	< 5
Magnesium Oxide		1309-48-4	< 3
Silicon Dioxide		7631-86-9	< 2
Quartz (Crystalline Silica)		14808-60-7	< 0.75

All concentrations are in percent by weight unless ingredient is a gas. Gas concentrations are in percent by volume.

4. First-aid measures

Inhalation	Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a poison center or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.
Skin contact	Remove contaminated clothing. Wash with plenty of soap and water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
Eye contact	Do not rub eyes. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention immediately.
Ingestion	Rinse mouth. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.
Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed	Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Permanent eye damage including blindness could result. Dusts may irritate the respiratory tract, skin and eyes. Coughing. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain.
Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed	Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.
General information	IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible). Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media	Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.
Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters	Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.
Fire fighting equipment/instructions	Use water spray to cool unopened containers.
Specific methods	Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.
General fire hazards	The product is nonflammable and does not support combustion.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Avoid inhalation of dust. Use a NIOSH/MSHA approved respirator if there is a risk of exposure to dust/fume at levels exceeding the exposure limits. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ensure adequate ventilation. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.
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Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Avoid dispersal of dust in the air (i.e., clearing dust surfaces with compressed air). Collect dust using a vacuum cleaner equipped with HEPA filter. This product is miscible in water. Prevent product from entering drains. Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk.

Large Spills: Wet down with water and dike for later disposal. Absorb in vermiculite, dry sand or earth and place into containers. Shovel the material into waste container. Following product recovery, flush area with water.

Small Spills: Sweep up or vacuum up spillage and collect in suitable container for disposal. Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.

Never return spills to original containers for re-use. Put material in suitable, covered, labeled containers. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.

Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment. Inform appropriate managerial or supervisory personnel of all environmental releases. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Minimize dust generation and accumulation. Provide appropriate exhaust ventilation at places where dust is formed. Do not get this material in contact with eyes. Avoid breathing dust. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Avoid prolonged exposure. Should be handled in closed systems, if possible. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Avoid release to the environment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store locked up. Store in tightly closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

U.S. - OSHA Impurities

	Type	Value
Silicon Dioxide (CAS 7631-86-9)	TWA	80 mg/m ³

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Components	Type	Value	Form
Calcium hydroxide (CAS 1305-62-0)	PEL	5 mg/m ³	Respirable fraction.
		15 mg/m ³	Total dust.

Impurities

	Type	Value	Form
Quartz (Crystalline Silica) (CAS 14808-60-7)	PEL	0.05 mg/m ³	Respirable dust.
Magnesium Oxide (CAS 1309-48-4)	PEL	15 mg/m ³	Total particulate.

US. OSHA Table Z-3 (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Impurities	Type	Value	Form
Quartz (Crystalline Silica) (CAS 14808-60-7)	TWA	0.1 mg/m ³	Respirable.
		2.4 mppcf	Respirable.
Silicon Dioxide (CAS 7631-86-9)	TWA	5 mg/m ³	Respirable fraction.
		15 mg/m ³	Total dust.
Magnesium Oxide (CAS 1309-48-4)	TWA	20 mppcf	
		5 mg/m ³	Respirable fraction.
		15 mg/m ³	Total dust.
		50 mppcf	Total dust.
		15 mppcf	Respirable fraction.

US. OSHA Table Z-3 (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Impurities	Type	Value	Form
Calcium Carbonate (CAS 471-34-1)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
		15 mg/m3	Total dust.
		50 mppcf	Total dust.
		15 mppcf	Respirable fraction.

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

Components	Type	Value
Calcium hydroxide (CAS 1305-62-0)	TWA	5 mg/m3

Impurities	Type	Value	Form
Quartz (Crystalline Silica) (CAS 14808-60-7)	TWA	0.025 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
Magnesium Oxide (CAS 1309-48-4)	TWA	10 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction.

US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards

Components	Type	Value
Calcium hydroxide (CAS 1305-62-0)	TWA	5 mg/m3

Impurities	Type	Value	Form
Quartz (Crystalline Silica) (CAS 14808-60-7)	TWA	0.05 mg/m3	Respirable dust.
Silicon Dioxide (CAS 7631-86-9)	TWA	6 mg/m3	
Calcium Carbonate (CAS 471-34-1)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Respirable.
		10 mg/m3	Total

Biological limit values

No biological exposure limits noted for the ingredient(s).

Appropriate engineering controls

Good general ventilation should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. If engineering measures are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of dust/particulates below the Occupational Exposure Limit (OEL), suitable respiratory protection must be worn. If material is ground, cut, or used in any operation which may generate dusts, use appropriate local exhaust ventilation to keep exposures below the recommended exposure limits. Provide eyewash station and safety shower.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection Use tight fitting goggles.

Skin protection

Hand protection Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves.

Skin protection

Other Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing. Use of an impervious apron is recommended.

Respiratory protection

Use a NIOSH/MSHA approved respirator if there is a risk of exposure to dust/fume at levels exceeding the exposure limits. Chemical respirator with organic vapor cartridge, full facepiece, dust and mist filter.

Thermal hazards

Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.

General hygiene considerations

Observe any medical surveillance requirements. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state	Solid.
Form	Powder.
Color	White.

Odor None.

Odor threshold Not available.

pH 12.4 In aqueous solution (77 °F (25 °C))

Melting point/freezing point 1076 °F (580 °C)

Initial boiling point and boiling range Not available.

Flash point Does not flash

Evaporation rate Not available.

Flammability (solid, gas) Non combustible.

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Explosive limit - lower (%) Not available.

Explosive limit - upper (%) Not available.

Vapor pressure < 0.0000001 kPa (77 °F (25 °C))

Vapor density Not available.

Relative density Not available.

Solubility(ies)

Solubility (water) 1.7 g/l at 20 °C

Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water) Not available.

Auto-ignition temperature Not available.

Decomposition temperature Not available.

Viscosity Not available.

Other information

Density 2.2 - 2.3 g/cm³

Explosive properties Not explosive.

Molecular formula Ca-H₂-O₂

Molecular weight 74.1 g/mol

Oxidizing properties Not oxidizing.

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity Reacts violently with strong acids.

Chemical stability Material is stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous reactions No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

Conditions to avoid Avoid temperatures exceeding the decomposition temperature. Contact with incompatible materials. Do not mix with other chemicals.

Incompatible materials Acids. Phosphorus. Maleic anhydride. Nitroethane. Nitromethane. Nitroparaffins. Nitropropane.

Hazardous decomposition products No hazardous decomposition products are known.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation Dust may irritate respiratory system. Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.

Skin contact Causes skin irritation.

Eye contact Causes serious eye damage.

Ingestion May cause irritation of the gastrointestinal tract.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Permanent eye damage including blindness could result. Dusts may irritate the respiratory tract, skin and eyes. Coughing. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity Not expected to be acutely toxic.

Components	Species	Test Results
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Calcium hydroxide (CAS 1305-62-0)

Acute**Oral**

LD50

Rat

7340 mg/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation

Causes skin irritation.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eye damage.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Respiratory sensitization

Not a respiratory sensitizer.

Skin sensitization

This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization.

Germ cell mutagenicity

No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are mutagenic or genotoxic.

Carcinogenicity

May cause cancer.

In 1997, IARC (the International Agency for Research on Cancer) concluded that crystalline silica inhaled from occupational sources can cause lung cancer in humans. However in making the overall evaluation, IARC noted that "carcinogenicity was not detected in all industrial circumstances studied. Carcinogenicity may be dependent on inherent characteristics of the crystalline silica or on external factors affecting its biological activity or distribution of its polymorphs." (IARC Monographs on the evaluation of the carcinogenic risks of chemicals to humans, Silica, silicates dust and organic fibres, 1997, Vol. 68, IARC, Lyon, France.) In June 2003, SCOEL (the EU Scientific Committee on Occupational Exposure Limits) concluded that the main effect in humans of the inhalation of respirable crystalline silica dust is silicosis. "There is sufficient information to conclude that the relative risk of lung cancer is increased in persons with silicosis (and, apparently, not in employees without silicosis exposed to silica dust in quarries and in the ceramic industry). Therefore, preventing the onset of silicosis will also reduce the cancer risk..." (SCOEL SUM Doc 94-final, June 2003)

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

Quartz (Crystalline Silica) (CAS 14808-60-7)

1 Carcinogenic to humans.

Silicon Dioxide (CAS 7631-86-9)

3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

NTP Report on Carcinogens

Quartz (Crystalline Silica) (CAS 14808-60-7)

Known To Be Human Carcinogen.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1053)

Quartz (Crystalline Silica) (CAS 14808-60-7)

Cancer

Reproductive toxicity

This product is not expected to cause reproductive or developmental effects.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

May cause respiratory irritation.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Not classified.

Aspiration hazard

Not an aspiration hazard.

Chronic effects

Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

Harmful to aquatic life.

Components	Species	Test Results
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Calcium hydroxide (CAS 1305-62-0)

Aquatic**Acute**

Fish

LC50

Zambezi barbel (Clarias gariepinus)

33.9 mg/l, 96 hours

Persistence and degradability

The product contains inorganic compounds for which biodegradability is not applicable.

Bioaccumulative potential	No data available on bioaccumulation.
Mobility in soil	This product is slightly water soluble and may disperse in soil.
Other adverse effects	No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions	Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Incinerate the material under controlled conditions in an approved incinerator. Do not allow this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.
Local disposal regulations	Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.
Hazardous waste code	The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste disposal company.
Waste from residues / unused products	Dispose in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions).
Contaminated packaging	Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.

14. Transport information

DOT	Not regulated as dangerous goods.
IATA	Not regulated as dangerous goods.
IMDG	Not regulated as dangerous goods.
Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code	Not applicable.

15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations	This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.	
TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)	Not regulated.	
CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)	Not listed.	
SARA 304 Emergency release notification	Not regulated.	
OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1053)	Quartz (Crystalline Silica) (CAS 14808-60-7)	Cancer lung effects immune system effects kidney effects
Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA)	This substance is on the TSCA 8(b) inventory and is designated "active".	
Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)		
SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance	Not listed.	
SARA 311/312 Hazardous chemical	Yes	
Classified hazard categories	Skin corrosion or irritation Serious eye damage or eye irritation Carcinogenicity Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure)	
SARA 313 (TRI reporting)	Not regulated.	

Other federal regulations

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

Not regulated.

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Not regulated.

Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA)

Not regulated.

US state regulations

US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List

Calcium Carbonate (CAS 471-34-1)
Calcium hydroxide (CAS 1305-62-0)
Magnesium Oxide (CAS 1309-48-4)
Quartz (Crystalline Silica) (CAS 14808-60-7)
Silicon Dioxide (CAS 7631-86-9)

US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

Calcium Carbonate (CAS 471-34-1)
Calcium hydroxide (CAS 1305-62-0)
Magnesium Oxide (CAS 1309-48-4)
Quartz (Crystalline Silica) (CAS 14808-60-7)

US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law

Calcium Carbonate (CAS 471-34-1)
Calcium hydroxide (CAS 1305-62-0)
Magnesium Oxide (CAS 1309-48-4)
Quartz (Crystalline Silica) (CAS 14808-60-7)
Silicon Dioxide (CAS 7631-86-9)

US. Rhode Island RTK

Calcium Carbonate (CAS 471-34-1)
Calcium hydroxide (CAS 1305-62-0)
Magnesium Oxide (CAS 1309-48-4)
Quartz (Crystalline Silica) (CAS 14808-60-7)
Silicon Dioxide (CAS 7631-86-9)

California Proposition 65



WARNING: This product can expose you to SILICA, CRYSTALLINE QUARTZ, which is known to the State of California to cause cancer. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Carcinogenic substance

Quartz (Crystalline Silica) (CAS 14808-60-7) Listed: October 1, 1988

US. California. Candidate Chemicals List. Safer Consumer Products Regulations (Cal. Code Regs, tit. 22, 69502.3, subd. (a))

Quartz (Crystalline Silica) (CAS 14808-60-7)

International Inventories

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals (AICIS)	Yes
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	Yes
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	Yes
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	Yes
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	Yes
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	Yes
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	Yes
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	Yes
Taiwan	Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory (TCSI)	Yes

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	Yes

*A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)
A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue date 15-September-2022

Revision date -

Version # 01

HMIS® ratings Health: 3*
Flammability: 0
Physical hazard: 0

NFPA ratings



Disclaimer

Mississippi Lime Company cannot anticipate all conditions under which this information and its product, or the products of other manufacturers in combination with its product, may be used. It is the user's responsibility to ensure safe conditions for handling, storage and disposal of the product, and to assume liability for loss, injury, damage or expense due to improper use. The information in the sheet was written based on the best knowledge and experience currently available.